

# Local Option Tax: What Is It and When Does It Apply?

Any vendor authorized to collect sales, meals, rooms, and alcohol taxes in Vermont is required to collect applicable local option tax. No additional registration with the Vermont Department of Taxes is necessary.

## What Is Local Option Tax?

Local option tax is a way for municipalities in Vermont to raise revenue. A municipality may vote to levy any combination of the following 1% local option taxes in addition to state business taxes:

### Local Option Sales Tax

6% sales tax + 1% = 7% total tax

### Local Option Meals Tax

9% meals tax + 1% = 10% total tax

### Local Option Alcoholic Beverages Tax

10% alcohol tax + 1% = 11% total tax

### Local Option Rooms Tax

9% rooms tax + 1% = 10% total tax

A transaction is subject to local option tax if it is subject to Vermont sales, meals, rooms, or alcoholic beverage tax. Local option tax is "destination-based." In other words, the tax is based on the location where the buyer takes possession of the item or where it is delivered.

Although the local option tax is levied by the municipality, the vendor who collects this tax remits it to the Vermont Department of Taxes along with any state taxes. Any vendor who is located out of state and is registered to collect Vermont state business taxes must also collect local option tax where applicable.

### Please note these exceptions:

- Local option tax does not apply to transactions that are subject to use tax or to motor vehicle purchase and use tax.
- The City of Burlington and City of Rutland have their own local taxes on meals, entertainment, or lodging. They administer and collect their taxes.

## Calculating Local Option Tax

Please note that you should always calculate local option tax as 1% of the taxable (net) sales for each town. Do **not** make the mistake of calculating use tax as 1% of 6%, the sale tax rate, which will result in collecting too little local option tax. See page 2 for examples.

## Which Municipalities Levy Local Option Tax?

Be sure to charge, collect, and remit local option tax for applicable purchases in the municipality where the buyer is consuming or taking possession of the item or where the item is being delivered.

### Local Option Sales Tax

The local option sales tax applies in the following municipalities:

Colchester—effective Oct. 1, 2015  
 Burlington  
 Dover  
 Killington  
 Manchester  
 Middlebury  
 Rutland Town  
 St. Albans Town  
 South Burlington  
 Stratton  
 Williston  
 Wilmington  
 Winhall

### Local Option Meals, Alcoholic Beverages, and Rooms Taxes

The local option meals, alcoholic beverages, and rooms taxes apply in the following municipalities:

Colchester—effective Oct. 1, 2015  
 Woodstock—effective July 1, 2015  
 Brattleboro  
 Dover  
 Killington  
 Manchester  
 Middlebury  
 Rutland Town  
 St. Albans Town  
 South Burlington  
 Stowe  
 Stratton  
 Williston  
 Wilmington  
 Winhall

## How Should Vendors Show Local Option Tax on Invoices and Receipts?

Vermont business taxes and local option tax may be shown combined or separately on invoices and receipts. The two options are illustrated by the examples shown here.

### Example 1

#### Business and local option tax combined:

Item 1	\$10.00
Item 2	<u>\$15.00</u>
Subtotal	\$25.00
7% Sales & Local Option Tax	\$ 1.75
Total	\$26.75

### Example 2

#### Business and local option tax listed separately:

Item 1	\$10.00
Item 2	<u>\$15.00</u>
Subtotal	\$25.00*
6% Sales Tax	\$ 1.50
1% Local Option Tax	\$ 0.25
Total	\$26.75

**Always calculate the local option tax as 1% of the taxable (net) sales for each town.**

## How Can I Be Sure the Address of the Sale or Rental Is in a Local Option Municipality?


Some ZIP codes represent properties that fall within, and others outside of, a local option municipality. In these cases, the ZIP code +4 digits is needed to determine if a given business location is in a local option municipality and therefore if the local option tax applies. If the full ZIP code isn't known, find it on the USPS website at <https://tools.usps.com/go/ZipLookupAction!input.action>.

## Need More Information?

### Department of Taxes Website

There are many resources available on the Vermont Department of Taxes website at [www.tax.vermont.gov](http://www.tax.vermont.gov).

### GeoSalesTax Website

 Another handy resource for sales tax rates, including municipalities that levy a local option tax, is GeoSalesTax. You can link to this from the "Streamlined Sales Tax" option found on the Business page of the Department's website.

## Tax Charts Provide a Quick Reference

For easy reference, use the tax charts on the Department's website. Find these charts for each tax type plus local option tax by clicking on the "Business" button on the home page, then selecting the "Local Option Taxes" link.

## Know Tax Law and Regulations

Business owners are expected to be familiar with state tax laws and regulations applicable to their businesses. For more information, please see the following:

**See 32 V.S.A. Chapter 233** at <http://legislature.vermont.gov/statutes/title/32>

See the "Publications" webpage on the Department's website at [www.tax.vermont.gov](http://www.tax.vermont.gov) for the following:

### Sales and Use Tax Regulations

#### Technical Bulletins on Sales and Use Tax

**Fact Sheets:** Vermont Sales and Use Tax for Businesses, General Guidelines on Sales Tax: What Is Taxable and Exempt, What Nonprofits Need to Know About Vermont Business Taxes, and more fact sheets on a variety of topics

To learn more about Vermont business taxes, see our list of fact sheets at [www.tax.vermont.gov](http://www.tax.vermont.gov) or contact the Department's Business Tax Section at [bustax@state.vt.us](mailto:bustax@state.vt.us) or (802) 828-2551, option 3.

